



# basic education

Department:  
Basic Education  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

## **NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

**IGREYIDI 12**

**ISINDEBELE ILIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA (FAL)**

**IPHEPHA LESITHATHU (P3)**

**NOVEMBA 2015**

**IMEMORANDAMU**

**IMITLOMELO: 100**

**Imemorandamu le inamakhasi ali-16.**

## ISIGABA A: AMATHEKSTHI WOKUZITLAMELA (AMA-ESEYI)

### UMBUZO 1

#### 1.1 I-eseyi ehlathululako (Descriptive)

##### **I-eseyi egcina ngamagama athi, 'Ngalawo malanga'.**

Le yi-eseyi lapho umtlozi afuze ahlathulule khona ubujamo obuthileko nofana izehlakalo njengombana nesihloko sitjho, kufanele umtlozi we-eseyi asebenzise amagama ahlathululako khudlwana. Ngale kwalokho umtlozi usebenzisa khulu ilimi elisesikhathini esadlulako.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Bekwenzekani kilawo malanga?
- Ipilo yayinjani?

**Tjheja:** I-eseyi le ingaba ngecoco godu.

**[50]**

#### 1.2 I-eseyi Ecocako (Narrative)

##### **Isipho esihle khulu engakhe ngasithola.**

Le yi-eseyi lapho umtlozi nofana umdembi ademba ngesehlakalo esithileko esakhe senzeka kuye. Kuyenzeka kokhunye umtlozi atole i-eseyi ayisusele ehloko. Kuqakathekile ukobana nanyana umfundi ayisusela ehloko i-eseyakhe kube yindaba ekholwekako. Ngokuvamileko umtlozi we-eseyi le usebenzisa isikhathi esidlulileko.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako.

- Ngisiphi isipheso?
- Wasiphiwa ngubani?
- Wazizwa njani bona uthole isipheso?
- Sizoyitjhugulula kangangani ipilwakho?
- Besisihle kangangani isipheso?

**Tjheja:** I-eseyi le ingaba ngehlathululako godu.

**[50]**

#### 1.3 I-eseyi Ecocako (Narrative)

##### **Kunengi engikufundileko epilweni ngaye.**

Le yi-eseyi lapho umtlozi nofana umdembi ademba ngomuntu osibonelo epilwenakhe. Kokhunye umtlozi atole i-eseyi ayisusele ehloko. Kuqakathekile ukobana nanyana umfundi ayisusela ehloko i-eseyakhe kube yindaba ekholwekako. Ngokuvamileko umtlozi we-eseyi le usebenzisa isikhathi esidlulileko.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Umumuntu onjani lo adamba ngaye.
- Indlela aziphethe ngayo.
- Izinto azenzako epilweni, njengebizelo nokhunye.
- Isizo alinikela umphakathi nofana umndeni.

**Tjheja:** I-eseyi le ingaba ngehlathululako godu.

[50]

#### 1.4 **I-eseyi Evezako/Eveza Imizwa Yomtlozi (Reflective)**

**Umtlhago engikiwo namhlanje ulibonelo phambili lekusasa lami.**

Le yi-eseyi lapho otlolako aba nombono bese unikela imizwakhe. I-eseyi le itjhegeza ibuyele emva esehlakalweni esakhe senzeka. Otololako-ke kulapho abeka khona imibonwakhe ngesihlokweso.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Ngiwuphi umtlhago aqalene nawo?
- Unqophe ukwenzani ekusaseni lakho?
- Umtlhago lo ube nomthelela onjani ekusaseni lakho?

[50]

#### 1.5 **I-eseyi Emahlangothimabili/Emadanisako (Discursive)**

**Ilungelo lokuzikhethela linemithelela emihle nemimbi epilweni.**

I-eseyi le ihlobene khulu ne-eseyi ephikisako. Okufanako kukobana kiyo yomibili imihlobo le otlolako ubeka imibonwakhe. Umehluko okhona kukobana e-eseyini emahlangothimabili otlolako kulindeleke kobana atlole ngemibono yomibili. Silindele kobana asivezele ubuhle nobumbi bento acoca ngayo.

Umtlozi angafikelela esiphethweni esithileko ekugcineni kwe-eseyakhe kodwana imibono evumako nephikako kufanele yethulwe ngokulinganako endabeni.

Umtlozi kumele uzwakale ungathathi hlangothi. Kumele kuvezwe iintatimende ezizwakala kuhle. Lapha otlolako uveza ubuhle nobumbi bento ethileko anikelwe yona esihlokweni, kufanele anikele amaphuzu avumelana nesihloko nalawo aphikisana naso.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

**Ubuhle**

- Ukghona ukuzikhethela ipilo ofuna ukuyiphila.
- Uyavikeleka nangabe ilungelo lakho liyagandelelwa.
- Uyakghona ukujamelana neentjhihilo ngombana okwenzako uzikhethela.

**Ubumbi**

- Kesinye isikhathi wenza izinto ezingakafaneli.
- Ukulahlekelwa lilawulo lephilwakho.

[50]

## 1.6 I-eseyi Ephikisako/Ehlangothilinye (Argumentative)

**Kungebanga lomtlhago bona abantwana abanengi babheme iindakamizwa bebaggcine sele basesitradeni. Vumelana namkha uphikisane nesihlokweni.**

I-eseyi ephikisako ifuna otlolako athome ngokukhetha ihlangothi esihlokweni atlola ngaso. Otololako angakhetha ukuvumelana nesihloko nofana aphikisane naso kusukela ekuthomeni bekube sekugcineni kwe-eseyakhe.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

### **Abavumelana nesihloko.**

- Ukutlhoga imali yokuya esikolweni.
- Igandelelo labangani nawutlhagako.
- Ukungazithembi ngebanga lomtlhago.
- Ukutlhoga imali yeemfuneko zakho.

### **Abaphikisana nesihloko.**

- Ukuhlala uphethe imali enengi.
- Ukusama khulu ebabalethini bakho.
- Ukuthanda ukubukwa.
- Ukuba mqothelwa wabathengisi beendakamizwa.

**[50]**

- 1.7 1.7.1 Kilesisithombe umfundi angatlola i-eseyi ecocako nanyana ehlathululako. Otshwayako uyeleliswa bona atjheje umhlobo we-eseyi evezwa ngotlolako. Utshwaya ngokulandela amaphuzu alindeleke ngaphasi kwalowo mhlobo we-eseyi ngokuqala kilo mhlahlandlela.

**Kilesisithombe kubonakala kunabafundi abatlolako ngaphakathi kwetlasi.**

Umfundi angaveza okulandelako:

- Ukuqakatheka kokufunda ngaphambi kokutlola iinhlahlubo.
- Ukucabanga ngaphambi kobana uphendule.
- Ukufunda niziinqhema.
- Ukubekezela eemfundweni zakho.
- Abafundi enifunda nabo ngetlasini.
- Ukuzilungiselela ukutlola iinhlahlubo.

**[50]**

- 1.7.2 Kilesisithombe umfundi angatlola i-eseyi ecocako nanyana ehlathululako. Otshwayako uyeleliswa bona atjheje umhlobo we-eseyi evezwa ngotlolako. Utshwaya ngokulandela amaphuzu alindeleke ngaphasi kwalowo mhlobo we-eseyi ngokuqala kilo mhlahlandlela.

**Kilesisithombe kubonakala kuvele ingozi endleleni.**

Umfundi angaveza okulandelako:

- Ikhambo lakhe avakatjhela indawo ethileko.
- Izinto ebekazenza ekhambeni lakhe.
- Izinto azifundileko kilelokhambo.
- Abantu ebegade anabo kilelokhambo.

**[50]**

**IMITLOMELO YESIGABA A: 50**

**ISIGABA B: AMATHEKSTHI AMADE WOKUTHINTANA****UMBUZO 2****2.1 INCWADI YOBUNGANI**

Umhlobo lo wencwadi utlolwa mumuntu otlolela isihlobo sakhe. Kungaba mngani, umzala, ubaba, umalume, njll.

- Kumele incwadi iqaliswe kumalume.
- Kumele ihlukaniswe ngeengaba.
- Iphimbo nerejista yencwadi kumele ibe ngeyobuhlobo.
- Amaphuzu alandelako angafakwa:
  - Ihlathululo yokuthokoza.
  - Uzizwa kunjani wena.
  - Isizo lesipho leso.

Ilwazi elilandelako kumele lifakwe encwadini yobungani:

- Kumele utlole isiphande esisodwa saloyo otlolako.
- Kumele ibe nesilotjhiso, isib. Mngani/Madzela/Bafunani, njll.
- Isigaba ngasinye asimumathe umqondo owodwa.
- Kumele amaphuzu alamane kuhle, amaphuzu wokuthokoza awavele.
- Kumele ibe nesilayeliso.
- Incwadi yobungani inesiphetho, isib. Ngimi umnganakho, uZenzile.

**[30]****2.2 I-ATHIKILI YEPHEPHANDABA****Okuqakathekileko:**

- Isihloko kufuze sidose ozosifunda begodu silulukeze.
- I-athikili kufuze itjengiswe kuhle begodu nemiqaliswayo ibe mihle ngemibala ekhanyako nedosako ekhambelana nayo.
- Kufuze ikhulume noyifundako begodu ibe sesitayeleni saloyo oyitlolako.
- Isitayela sotlolako singasebenzisa iinthombe-ngqondo, sihlathulule nanyana sibe nezwelo.
- Amagama, iindawo, isikhathi, ubujamo nezinye iinsiza zingafakwa ku-athikili
- I-athikili kufuze ivuse ilulukezo njengomkhangiso ikhuthaze abayifundako bona bayifunde.
- Iindima akukafuzi bona zibe zide.
- Amaledere asetjenzisweko kufuze kube ngilawo azakwamukeleka.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Iinqhema zabafundi ezigida iingoma zamasiko.
- Ukurhaywa keenkondlo.
- Ukulingisa imidlalo.
- Ukukhethwa kwakanobuhle.
- Ikulumo kaNgqongqotjhe.

**[30]**

### 2.3 UMLANDO KAMUFI

Nakutlolwa umlando ngomufi, kuthonywa ngesihloko esibonakalako esinamagamakhe apheleleko, bese kutlolwa koke-ke lokhu esele sikubale ngenzasi. Ekugcineni kungaphethwa ngomutjho omfitjhani wokumlayelisa, njengokuthi: **Lala uphumule, Mgwezani, nofana IKosi ayikuphe umphumulela wafuthi** nanyana-ke ngamanye amagama anehlonipho

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Isihloko esiveza amagamakhe apheleleko
- Amagamakhe apheleleko.
- Ilanga abelethwa ngalo.
- Ubelethwa bobani.
- Wabelethelwa kuphi (Tlola igama lendawo abelethelwa kiyo)
- Imithombo yefundo asele adlule kiyo.
- Wazuzani eemfundweni zakhe.
- Iindawo asebenze kizo.
- Iinkhundla azifunyanako.
- Ilanga akhambе ngalo ephasini.
- Umndenakhe awutjhiyileko ephasini njengomyenakhe nofana ukosikazi, abentwana, ababelethi, iinzukulu, nabanye.

**[30]**

### 2.4 IKULUMO-PENDULWANO

Le yikulumo eba hlangana nabantu ababili abakhuluma ngento ethileko.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywako:

- Isakhiwo sekulumo-pendulwano
- Isihloko esiveza bonyana bakuphi.
- Amagama wesikhulumi ngasinye.
- Ikhloni ngemva kwegama lesikhulumi ngasinye kuze kuyokuphela ikulumo-pendulwano.
- Amagama walabo abakhulumako atlolwa ngesandleni sesincele, abe mafitjhani nesibongo singasetjenziswa.
- Kumele kube nesingeniso (akulotjhiswana)
- Kumele kube nomzimba nesiphetho.

Tjheja: Abafundi bangafaka hlangana lokhu okulandelako:

- Ukufuna ukuphumula ukufunda.
- Ukufuna imali ezokusiza abazali bakhe.
- Ukufunda bona kunjani ukusebenza.
- Ukuzilungiselela ukuyokufunda umnyaka ozako.

**[30]****IMITLOMELO YESIGABA B: 30**

**ISIGABA C: AMATHEKSTHI AMAFITJHANI WOKUTHINTANA****UMBUZO 3****3.1 IMILAYELO**

Imilayelo yikulumo etjela umuntu bonyana akenzeni, kuphi, nini, njani njalonzalo. Lekulumo itlolwa phasi. Ukuze ifeze umnqopho kufanele izwisiseke, ingarari, isebenzise ilimi elizwakalako begodu ingabi mide khulu ukuze lowo olayelwako azokwazi ukuyilandela.

Umfundi angaveza **lokhu** kokulandelako:

- Nakaqeda ukuvuka mhlambise amazinyo kwaphela.
- Umbathise ibhaji phezu kwezambatho zokulala ukuze afuthumele.
- Nge-iri lobunane muphe ukudla kwakhe kwekuseni.
- Mseze amanzi ngekomitjanakhe.
- Mhlambise nge-iri letjhumu.
- Mnikele izinto zakhe zokudlala.
- Ungabukela naye umabonakude kodwana nibukele amahlelo wabantwana.
- Nakafuna ukudlala nabangani bakhe, mvumele kodwana babe ngaphasi komuthi.
- Muphe ukudla kwemini nge-iri letjhumu.

(Eminye neminye imilayelo enembako ingathathwa).

**[20]****3.2 ISIKHANGISO**

Ukukhangisa yindlela yokudosa abantu ngento ethileko ethengiswako ngomnqopho wokuthi bagcine sebayithengile nanyana bebakhohliswa. Abosomahwebo bavamise ukusebenzisa imikhangiso emihlobohlolo ukubiza abathengi. Isikhali esikhulu sokukhangisa kubuyelelwa kwemibiko kanye nokusebenzisa amagama ayengako. Lesisikhangiso simayelana nerhwebo umfundi azikhethele lona.

Umfundi angaveza **lokhu** kokulandelako:

- Indawo lapho irhwebo lakho likhona.
- Izinto ozithengisako erhwebeni lakho.
- Iinkhathi zokuvula nokuvula irhwebo.
- Imininingwana yokuthintana.

**[20]****3.3 IPOSKARADA**

Le ngenye indlela yokuthintana ngokutlola phasi ikulumo efitjhani. Ngokuvamileko iposkarada lithunyelwa mumuntu alithumela emuntwini amaziko. Iba nesiphande sinye saloyo othunyelwako, esitlolwa ngakwesokudla phezulu lapha kutlolwa khona isiphande sotlola incwadi yobungani. Ngemva kwesiphande, ngenzasana kutlolwa isilotjhiso esingaba libizo lalowo otlolelwako bese kuthoma indaba efitjhani edluliselwa kiloyo ethunyelwa kuye. Othumela iposkarada ulayelisa ngebizo lakhe elaziwako ngaphandle kwesibongo.



Umfundi angaveza **lokhu** kokulandelako:

- Amagama wokumthokozisa.
- Amagama wokukhuthaza bonyana angenele namanye amaphaliswano. **[20]**

**IMITLOMELO YESIGAB C: 20**  
**INANI LOKE: 100**

**ISIGABA A: AMATHEKSTHI WOKUZITLAMELA (AMA-ESEYI)****TJHEJA:**

- Sebenzisa njalo irubhrikhi nawutshwaya indaba (Iphepha lesi-3, ISIGABA A).
- Amamaksi kusukela e-0–50 ahlukaniwe ngamazinga weentladhluli ama-5.
- Ekumunyethweni, Iqhinga lelimi nesitayela, lelo nalelo kghono lesitladhluli lihlukaniwe ngezinga eliphezulu neliphasi.
- Isakhiwo asithintwa lizinga eliphezulu namkha eliphasi.

**IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA INDABA YELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA [50 AMAMAKSI]**

Iqhinga		Ngokudluleleko	Ngokwekghono	Ngokulingeneko	Ngokusisekelo	Ngokungakalingani
<b>OKUMUNYETHWEKO NOKUHELELA</b>		<b>28–30</b>	<b>22–24</b>	<b>16–18</b>	<b>10–12</b>	<b>4–6</b>
(Ukuphendula) Ukuhleleka kwemiqondo yokuhlela Ukulemuka komnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo	<b>Izinga eliphezulu</b>	-Ukuphendula okudluleleko -Imiqondo ehlakaniphileko, evusa imiqondo netjengisa ukukhula -Ukuhleleka okudluleleko nokukhambelanako kwesingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho	-limpendulo ezihleleke kuhle -Ezikhambelanako khulu begodu zimnandi, kunobufakazi nokukhula okubonakalako -Isingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho okuhleleke kuhle begodu okukhambelanako	-Ukuphendula okwanelisako -Imiqondo ekhambelanako nekhulisako -Kunokuhleleka okulingeneko nokukhambelanako kwesihloko, umzimba kanye nesiphetho	-Ukuphendula okungakajami ndawonye -Imiqondo engakacaci -Ubufakazi obuncani bokuhleleka nokukhambelana	-Ukuphendula okuphume endleleni khulu -Imiqondo edidekileko nengakanqophi -Imiqondo engakahleleki nengakhambelaniko
<b>30 AMAMAKSI</b>		<b>25–27</b>	<b>19–21</b>	<b>13–15</b>	<b>7–9</b>	<b>0–3</b>
	<b>Izinga eliphasi</b>	-Ukuphendula okudluleleko kodwana kutlhayela amatshwayo wendaba ehle ngokudluleleko -Imiqondo ekhulileko nenokuhlakanipha -Isingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho okuhleleke ngendlela edluleleko	-Ukuphendula okuhleleke kuhle -Imiqondo ekarisako nekhambelanako -Isingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho okuhleleke kuhle nokukhambelanako	-Ukuphendula okwanelisako kodwana kunokungacaci -Imiqondo iyakhambelana ngokulingeneko -Kunokuhleleka okulingeneko kwesingeniso, umzimba, isiphetho nokukhambelana	-Ukuphendula okungakhambelaniko okukhulu -Imiqondo ayikahlanganii begodu iyadida -Abukho ubufakazi bokuhlela	-Ukuphendula isihloko akukalingwa nokulingwa -Imiqondo engakhambelaniko nengakafaneli -Imiqondo engakanqophi

**IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA INDABA YELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA [50 AMAMAKSI] (continued)**

Iqhinga		Ngokudluleleko	Ngokwekghono	Ngokulingeneko	Ngokusisekelo	Ngokungakalingani
<b>ILIMI, ISITAYELA NOKU-EDITHA</b>		<b>14–15</b>	<b>11–12</b>	<b>8–9</b>	<b>5–6</b>	<b>0–3</b>
Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama okufanele umnqopho, ubujamo Ukukhethwa kwamagama Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi Imithetjhwana, iimphumuzi, ihlelo, isipelinghi	Izinga eliphezulu	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elifanele ngokudluleleko umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo -Ilimi liyanemba begodu lisetjenziswe ngokufanako -Ihlelo nesipelingi asinamphoso khulu -Tlanywe kuhle	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elifanele khulu umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo -Ilimi liyanemba begodu lisetjenziswe ngokufanako -Ihlelo nesipelingi asinamphoso khulu -Tlanywe kuhle	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elifanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo -Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi okufanele ukwethula ihlathululo -Iphimbo elifaneleko -Amaqhingha wokubuza enzelwe ukugcamisa okumunyethweko	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elingakafaneli umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo -Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi okusisekelo -Iphimbo elifaneleko -Ilwazimagama elithayela khulu	-Ilimi elingazwakaliko -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elingakafaneli khulu umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo -Ilwazimagama elithayela khulu lenza kube budisi ukuzwisisa itheksthi
<b>15 AMAMAKSI</b>	Izinga eliphasi	<b>13</b> -Ilimi lihle ngokudluleleko begodu linethonya -Akunamphoso zehlelo nesipelinghi ezibonakalako -Yakhiwe ngekgghono elikhulu	<b>10</b> -Ilimi lifaka hlangana begodu linethonya -Iphimbo elifaneleko -limphoso ezimbalwa zehlelo nesipelinghi -Bunjwe kuhle	<b>7</b> -Akusetjenziswa kwelimi okulingeneko okunokuhlukana -Iphimbo elifaneleko ngokulinganako nokusetjenziswa okuthayelako kwamaqhinga wokubuza	<b>4</b> -Ukusetjenziswa okungakafaneli kwelimi -Ukungabi nomahluko emitjhweni -Ilwazimagama elincani ngokusisekelo	
<b>ISAKHIWO</b>		<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0–1</b>
Amatshwayo wetheksthi Ukwakhiwa kwesigaba nokwakhiwa komutjho		-Ukusungulwa okuqakathekileko kwendaba -Imininingwana edluleleko -Imitjho kanye neengaba kwakheke ngendlela edluleleko	-Imininingwana isungulwe ngokukhambelanako -Kunokukhambelana -Imitjho, iingaba kunikela umqondo	-Imininingwana ekhambelanako yakhiwe -Imitjho, iingaba kwakhiwe kuhle Indaba isanikela umqondo	-Amaphuzu amanye akhona anembako -Imitjho neengaba kuneemphoso -Indaba isazwakala	-Amaphuzu adingekako ayathayela -Imitjho neengaba kuneemphoso -Indaba ayinamqondo
<b>5 AMAMAKSI</b>						
<b>IRENJI YAMAMAKSI</b>		<b>43–50</b>	<b>33–40</b>	<b>23–30</b>	<b>13–20</b>	<b>0–10</b>

**ISIGABA B: AMATHEKSTHI AMADE WOKUTHINTANA****IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA INDABA YELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA [30 AMAMAKSI]**







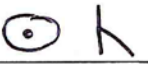
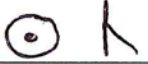


<b>Iqhinga</b>	<b>Ngokudluleleko</b>	<b>Ngokwekghono</b>	<b>Ngokulingeneko</b>	<b>Ngokusisekelo</b>	<b>Ngokungakaneli</b>
<b>OKUMUNYETHWEKO, UKUHLELA NESAKHIWO</b>  Ukuphendula nemibono Ukubuthelwa kwemibono ukuze kuhlelwe Umnqopho, abamukelilwazi, amatshwayo/ imithetjhwana kanye nobujamo  <b>18 AMAMAKSI</b>	<b>15–18</b> -Ukuphendula okudluleleko, okungaphezu kwalokho okulindelweko -Imiqondo ehlakaniphileko nekhulileko -Ilwazi elingeneleleko lamatshwayo wetheksthi -Umtlolo unqophile -Kunokukhambelana kuokumunyethweko nomqondo -Kuhlathululwe kuhle begodu yoke imininingwana isekela isihloko -Isakhiwo esifaneleko nesinembako	<b>11–14</b> -Ukuphendula okuhle khulu okutjengisa ilwazi elihle lamatshwayoo wetheksthi -Nqophile – akunakuphuma, isihloko sisekelwe kuhle ngendlela enobukghoni begodu kunemininingwana esekela isihloko -Isakhiwo esifaneleko esinokungakhambelaniko okuncazana	<b>8–10</b> -Ukuphendula okulingeneko okutjengisa ilwazi lamatshwayoo wetheksthi -Akunakudzimelela Nokukhambelana okulingeneko kokumunyethweko nemiqondo -Eminye imininingwana isekela isihloko -Isakhiwo esifanele ngokulingeneko, kodwana kunokungakhambelani	<b>5–7</b> -Ukuphendula ngokusisekelo begodu kutjengisa ilwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi -Kunokunqophla okukhona kodwana okunengi kuphambene -Imininingwana embalwa eskela isihloko -Usebenzise imithetho eqakathekileko ngendlela embi -Ubuthapha obubonakalako	<b>0–4</b> -Ukuphendula kutjengisa ukungabikho kwelwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi -Akunakukhambelana kwemiqondo. – Mininingwana embalwa esekela isihloko -Akakasebenzisi imithetho edingekako namkha isakhiwo
<b>ILIMI, ISITAYELA KANYE NOKU-EDITHA</b>  Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, kufanele umnqopho/umphumela/ abamukelilwazi Kanye nobujamo Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi kanye nemithetjhwana Ukukhethwa kwamagama Ukusetjenziswa kwamatshwayo kanye nesipelinghi  <b>12 AMAMAKSI</b>	<b>10–12</b> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama elifanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo -Kuyanemba ngokwehlelo begodu kwakhiwe kuhle -Akunamphoso	<b>8–9</b> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele khulu umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo -Ihlelo linemba ngokwekghono elithileko begodu lakhiwe kuhle -Ilwazimagama elihle khulu -Kanengi akunamphoso	<b>6–7</b> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo -Zikhona iimphoso zehlelo -Ilwazimagama elifaneleko -Iimphoso azilimazi ihlathululo	<b>4–5</b> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele kancani umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo -Ihlelo elingakafaneli elinimphoso ezimbalwa -Ilwazimagama elithayelako -Ihlathululo ivimbekile	<b>0–3</b> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama akukhambelani nomnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo -Kuzele iimphoso begodu akuzwisisakali -Ilwazimagama alikawufaneli umnqopho -Ihlathululo ayizwakali kwamambala
<b>IRENJI YAMAMAKSI</b>	<b>25–30</b>	<b>19–23</b>	<b>14–17</b>	<b>9–12</b>	<b>0–7</b>




**ISIGABA C: AMATHEKSTHI AMAFITJHANI WOKUTHINTANA****IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA INDABA YELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA [20 AMAMAKSI]**

Iqhinga	Ngokudluleleko	Ngokwekghono	Ngokulingeneko	Ngokusisekelo	Ngokungakaneli
<b>OKUMUNYETHWEKO, UKUHLELA NESAKHIWO</b>  Ukuphendula kanye nomqondo; Ukuhlelwa kwemiqondo; Amatshwayo/Imithetjhwana kanye nobujamo  <b>12 AMAMAKSI</b>	<b>10–12</b> -Ukuphendula okudluleleko, okungaphezu kwalokho okulindelweko -Imiqondo ehlakaniphileko nekhulileko -Ilwazi elingeneleleko lamatshwayo wetheksthi -Umtlolo unqophile -Kunokukhambelana kuokumunyethweko nomqondo -Kuhlathululwe kuhle begodu yoke imininingwana isekela isihloko -Isakhiwo esifaneleko nesinembako	<b>8–9</b> -Ukuphendula okuhle khulu okutjengisa ilwazi elihle lamatshwayoo wetheksthi -Nqophile – akunakuphuma, isihloko sisekelwe kuhle ngendlela enobukghoni begodu kunemininingwana esekela isihloko -Isakhiwo esifaneleko esinokungakhambelanik o okuncazana	<b>6–7</b> -Ukuphendula okulingeneko okutjengisa ilwazi lamatshwayoo wetheksthi -Akunakudzimelela Nokukhambelana okulingeneko kokumunyethweko nemiqondo -Eminye imininingwana isekela isihloko -Isakhiwo esifanele ngokulingeneko, kodwana kunokungakhambelani	<b>4–5</b> -Ukuphendula ngokusisekelo begodu kutjengisa ilwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi -Kunokunqophla okukhona kodwana okunengi kuphambene -Imininingwana embalwa esekela isihloko -Usebenzise imithetho eqakathekileko ngendlela embi -Ubutjhapha obubonakalako	<b>0–3</b> -Ukuphendula kutjengisa ukungabikho kwelwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi -Akunakukhambelana kwemiqondo. -Mininingwana embalwa esekela isihloko -Akakasebenzisi imithetho edingekako namkha isakhiwo
<b>ILIMI, ISITAYELA NOKU-EDITHA</b>  Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama elifanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nokumunyethweko; Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi nemithetjhwana; Ukukhethwa kwamagama; Ukusetjenziswa kwamatshwayo nesipelinghi  <b>8 AMAMAKSI</b>	<b>7–8</b> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama elifanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo -Kuyanemba ngokwehlelo begodu kwakhiwe kuhle -Akunamphoso	<b>5–6</b> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele khulu umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo -Ihlelo linemba ngokwekghono elithileko begodu lakhiwe kuhle -Ilwazimagama elihle khulu -Kanengi akunamphoso	<b>4</b> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo -Zikhona iimphoso zehlelo -Ilwazimagama elifaneleko -Iimphoso azilimazi ihlathululo	<b>3</b> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele kancani umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo -Ihlelo elingakafaneli elinimphoso ezimbalwa -Ilwazimagama elitlhayelako -Ihlathululo ivimbekile	<b>0–2</b> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama akukhambelani nomnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo -Kuzele iimphoso begodu akuzwisisakali -Ilwazimagama alikawufaneli umnqopho -Ihlathululo ayizwakali kwamambala
<b>IRENJI YAMAMAKSI</b>	<b>17–20</b>	<b>13–15</b>	<b>10–11</b>	<b>7–8</b>	<b>0–5</b>

**AMATSHWAYO OKUMELE ASETJENZISWE BOTITJHERE NABATSHWAYAKO****IGREYIDI 10-12**

Itshwayo	Ihlathululo	Itshwayo elikhambelanako ethekstini	Isibonelo setshwayo elisetjenzisiweko	Lapha kulungiswe khona
?	Faka itshwayo likanobuza	h	?	
!	Faka itshwayo lokubabaza	h	!	
/-/	Faka u-dwi/ihayifeni	h	/-/	
9	Susa bese uyalivala(igama)	/	Kwa/Mhlanga	KwaMhlanga
#	Hlukanisa amagama	#	...ebesakhelene nabo	...ebe sakhelene nabo
9	Susa(Tlola phezu kweledere/kwegama elisuswako)	Susa igameli	Umma ukhamba <del>uyakhamba</del> ngekoloyi	Umma ukhamba ngekoloyi
stet	Tjhiya njengombana kunjalo/Lisa(umtlo) njengombana unjalo	...ngaphasi kwamaledere/igama olisule ngephoso	Ubaba ukhamba nomma	Ubaba <u>ukhamba</u> nomma

<b>Gabh</b>	Tlola igabhadlhela	≡....ngaphasi kweledere lelo/igama elifuze litlolwe ngegabhadlhela	<u>U</u> nomzana Mahlangu	uNomzana Mahlangu
<b>L.nc</b>	Tlola ngeledere elincani	≡...ngaphasi kweledere lelo/igama elifuze litlolwe ngamagama amancani	...ngi <u>Z</u> okukhamba	...ngizokukhamba
	Vala bese ususa isikhala hlangana namaledere	Hlanganisa amaledere	Emthola  pilo	Emtholapilo
<b>s.e</b>	Thoma isigaba esitjha	Isib: sele kumele athome isigaba esilandelako.	...kwabo.  Abesana...	..kwabo.  Abesana.....
	Faka iledere/igama elitjengwise emajinini		Umma uyak  huphula	Umma uyakghuphula
	Faka ungci		Abesana bebagula	Abesana bebagula.
	Faka ikhoma		Ubaba uthenge iimbuzi iinkomo nezinja.	Ubaba uthenge iinkomo, iimbuzi nezinja.

<b>sp</b>	Thalela igama elingatloleki kuhle bese utlola <b>sp</b> ngaphezulu	<b>sp</b>	...ngitluwile	... <u>ngitluwile</u>
<b>sv</b>	Thalela igama elinesivumelwano esingakafaneli besi utlola <b>sv</b> ngaphezulu	<b>sv</b>	Ikomo <u>zakhe</u>	Ikomo <u>yakhe</u>
<b>ibu</b>	Thalela okubuyelelweko bese utlola <b>ibu</b> ngaphezulu	<b>ibu</b>		
<b>mhl</b>	Thalela umutjho ongakahleleki kuhle bese utlola <b>mhl</b> ngaphezulu	<b>mhl</b>		
<b>hl</b>	Thalela isihlanganiso esingasetjenziswa kuhle bese utlola <b>hl</b> ngaphezulu	<b>hl</b>		
	Igama elingakaqunteki kuhle		<u>tu</u>	Umun- 
	Umqondo oquntweko endimeni			
<b>I</b>	Thalela ilimi elingamukelekiko bese utlola <b>I</b> ngaphezulu	<b>I</b>		