



# basic education

Department:  
Basic Education  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

## NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE *NASIONALE SENIOR SERTIFIKAAT*

**GRADE/GRAAD 12**

**PHYSICAL SCIENCES: PHYSICS (P1)**  
**FISIESE WETENSKAPPE: FISIKA (V1)**

**FEBRUARY/MARCH/FEBRUARIE/MAART 2012**

**MEMORANDUM**

**MARKS/PUNTE: 150**

This memorandum consists of 15 pages.  
*Hierdie memorandum bestaan uit 15 bladsye.*

Learning Outcomes and Assessment Standards <i>Leeruitkomste en Assesseringsstandaarde</i>		
LO/LU 1	LO/LU 2	LO/LU 3
<b>AS 12.1.1:</b> Design, plan and conduct a scientific inquiry to collect data systematically with regard to accuracy, reliability and the need to control variables. <i>Ontwerp, beplan en voer 'n wetenskaplike ondersoek uit om data te versamel ten opsigte van akkuraatheid, betrouwbaarheid en die kontroleer van veranderlikes.</i>	<b>AS 12.2.1:</b> Define, discuss and explain prescribed scientific knowledge. <i>Definieer, bespreek en verduidelik voorgeskrewe wetenskaplike kennis.</i>	<b>AS 12.3.1:</b> Research, discuss, compare and evaluate scientific and indigenous knowledge systems and knowledge claims by indicating the correlation among them, and explain the acceptance of different claims. <i>Doen navorsing, bespreek, vergelyk en evalueer wetenskaplike en inheemse kennissisteme en kennisaansprake deur die ooreenkoms aan te duï en verduidelik die aanvaarding van verskillende aansprake.</i>
<b>AS 12.1.2:</b> Seek patterns and trends, represent them in different forms, explain the trends, use scientific reasoning to draw and evaluate conclusions, and formulate generalisations. <i>Soek patronen en tendense, stel dit in verskillende vorms voor, verduidelik tendense, gebruik wetenskaplike beredenering om gevolgtrekkings te maak en te evalueer, en formuleer veralgemenings.</i>	<b>AS 12.2.2:</b> Express and explain prescribed scientific principles, theories, models and laws by indicating the relationship between different facts and concepts in own words. <i>Verduidelik en druk voorgeskrewe wetenskaplike beginsels, teorieë, modelle en wette uit deur die verwantskap tussen verskillende feite en konsepte in eie woorde aan te duï.</i>	<b>AS 12.3.2:</b> Research case studies and present ethical and moral arguments from different perspectives to indicate the impact (pros and cons) of different scientific and technological applications. <i>Vors gevallestudies na en lewer etiese en morele argumente uit verskillende perspektiewe om die impak (voordele en nadele) van verskillende wetenskaplike en tegnologiese toepassings aan te duï.</i>
<b>AS 12.1.3:</b> Select and use appropriate problem-solving strategies to solve (unseen) problems. <i>Kies en gebruik geskikte probleemoplossingstrategieë om (ongesien) probleme op te los.</i>	<b>AS 12.2.3:</b> Apply scientific knowledge in everyday life contexts. <i>Pas wetenskaplike kennis in kontekste van die alledaagse lewe toe.</i>	<b>AS 12.3.3:</b> Evaluate the impact of scientific and technological research and indicate the contribution to the management, utilisation and development of resources to ensure sustainability continentally and globally. <i>Evalueer die impak van wetenskaplike en tegnologiese navorsing en duï die bydrae tot bestuur, benutting en ontwikkeling van bronne om volhoubaarheid kontinentaal en globaal te verseker.</i>
<b>AS 12.1.4:</b> Communicate and defend scientific arguments with clarity and precision. <i>Kommuniikeer en verdedig wetenskaplike argumente duidelik en presies.</i>		

## SECTION A/AFDELING A

### QUESTION 1/VRAAG 1

- |     |   |                   |
|-----|---|-------------------|
| 1.1 | Kinetic energy/ <i>Kinetiese energie</i> ✓  | (1)               |
| 1.2 | Interference/ <i>Interferensie</i> ✓  | (1)               |
| 1.3 | Ohm ✓   | (1)               |
| 1.4 | Electromagnetic induction/ <i>Elektromagnetiese induksie</i> ✓<br><b>OR/OF</b><br><i>Faraday's law/Faraday se wet</i> | (1)               |
| 1.5 | (Line) emission (spectrum) ✓<br><i>(Lyn)emissie(spektrum)</i>   | (1)<br><b>[5]</b> |

### QUESTION 2/VRAAG 2

- |      |      |                    |
|------|------|--------------------|
| 2.1  | B ✓✓ | (2)                |
| 2.2  | B ✓✓ | (2)                |
| 2.3  | C ✓✓ | (2)                |
| 2.4  | B ✓✓ | (2)                |
| 2.5  | C ✓✓ | (2)                |
| 2.6  | A ✓✓ | (2)                |
| 2.7  | D ✓✓ | (2)                |
| 2.8  | D ✓✓ | (2)                |
| 2.9  | C ✓✓ | (2)                |
| 2.10 | A ✓✓ | (2)<br><b>[20]</b> |

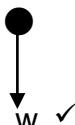
**TOTAL SECTION A /TOTAAL AFDELING A:** **25**

## SECTION B/AFDELING B

### QUESTION 3/VRAAG 3

3.1

Accepted Labels/Aanvaarde benoemings	
W	$F_g / F_w$ / force of Earth on stone/weight/mg/gravitational force $F_g / F_w$ / krag van Aarde op klip/gewig/mg/gravitasiekrag



(1)

3.2.1

#### Option 1/Opsie 1:

Upward positive/Opwaarts positief:

$$v_f = v_i + a \Delta t \checkmark$$

$$0 = 10 \checkmark + (-9,8) \Delta t \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \Delta t = 1,02 \text{ s} \checkmark$$

#### Option 2/Opsie 2:

Upward positive/Opwaarts positief:

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y$$

$$0^2 = 10^2 + 2(-9,8)\Delta y \checkmark$$

$$\therefore y = 5,1 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta y = \left( \frac{v_i + v_f}{2} \right) \Delta t$$

$$5,1 = \left( \frac{10+0}{2} \right) \Delta t \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \Delta t = 1,02 \text{ s} \checkmark$$

Upward negative/Opwaarts negatief:

$$v_f = v_i + a \Delta t \checkmark$$

$$0 = -10 \checkmark + 9,8 \Delta t \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \Delta t = 1,02 \text{ s} \checkmark$$

✓ Both formulae/  
Beide formules

✓ Both formulae/  
Beide formules

Upward negative/Opwaarts negatief:

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y$$

$$0^2 = (-10)^2 + 2(9,8)\Delta y \checkmark$$

$$\therefore y = -5,1 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta y = \left( \frac{v_i + v_f}{2} \right) \Delta t$$

$$-5,1 = \left( \frac{-10+0}{2} \right) \Delta t \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \Delta t = 1,02 \text{ s} \checkmark$$

(4)

3.2.2

### POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 3.2.1 TO QUESTION 3.2.2

#### POSITIEWE NASIEN VAN VRAAG 3.2.1 NA VRAAG 3.2.2

#### Option 1/Opsie 1:

Upward positive/Opwaarts positief:

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$

$$0^2 = 10^2 + 2(-9,8)\Delta y \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \Delta y = 5,1 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Height/Hoogte} = \underline{50 +} \checkmark 5,1 \\ = 55,1 \text{ m} \checkmark$$

Upward negative/Opwaarts negatief:

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$

$$0^2 = (-10)^2 + 2(9,8)\Delta y \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \Delta y = -5,1 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Height/Hoogte} = 50 + \checkmark 5,1 \\ = 55,1 \text{ m} \checkmark$$

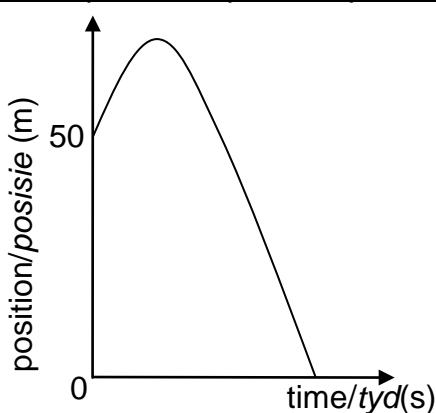
<p><b>Option 2/Opsie 2:</b> <b>Upward positive/Opwaarts positief:</b></p> $\Delta y = \left( \frac{v_i + v_f}{2} \right) \Delta t \checkmark$ $\Delta y = \left( \frac{10 + 0}{2} \right) 1,02 \checkmark$ $\therefore = 5,1 \text{ m}$ <p>Height = <math>50 + \sqrt{5,1}</math>  <math>= 55,1 \text{ m } \checkmark</math></p> <p><b>Upward negative/Opwaarts negatief:</b></p> $\Delta y = \left( \frac{v_i + v_f}{2} \right) \Delta t \checkmark$ $\Delta y = \left( \frac{-10 + 0}{2} \right) 1,02 \checkmark$ $\therefore \therefore \Delta y = -5,1 \text{ m}$ <p>Height/Hoogte = <math>50 + \sqrt{5,1}</math>  <math>= 55,1 \text{ m } \checkmark</math></p>	<p><b>Option 3/Opsie 3:</b> <b>Consider downward motion/Beskou afwaartse beweging:</b></p> $\Delta y = \left( \frac{v_i + v_f}{2} \right) \Delta t \checkmark$ $\Delta y = \left( \frac{-10 + 0}{2} \right) 1,02 \checkmark$ $\therefore = -5,1 \text{ m}$ <p>Height = <math>50 + \sqrt{5,1}</math>  <math>= 55,1 \text{ m } \checkmark</math></p> <p><b>Upward negative/Opwaarts negatief:</b></p> $\Delta y = \left( \frac{v_i + v_f}{2} \right) \Delta t \checkmark$ $\Delta y = \left( \frac{-10 + 0}{2} \right) 1,02 \checkmark$ $\therefore = -5,1 \text{ m}$ <p>Height/Hoogte = <math>50 + \sqrt{5,1}</math>  <math>= 55,1 \text{ m } \checkmark</math></p>
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(4)

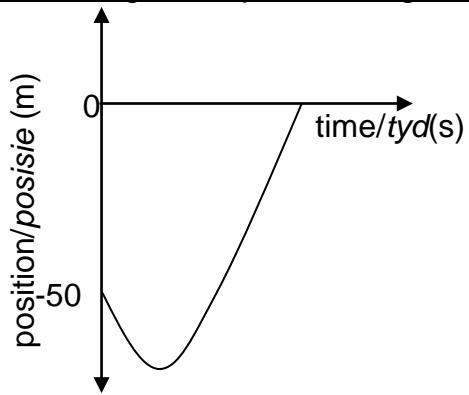
3.3

Criteria for graph/Kriteria vir grafiek	Marks/Punte
Correct shape/Korrekte vorm	✓
Final position lower than initial position.	✓
Graph ends on x axis./Grafiek eindig op x-as.	✓

Upward positive/Opwaarts positief



Upward negative/Opwaarts negatief



3.4

**Option 1/Opsie 1**

$$\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$1,5 \checkmark = v_i(0,1) + \frac{1}{2}(9,8)(0,1)^2 \checkmark$$

$$\therefore v_i = 14,51 \text{ m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$$

From maximum height/Van maksimum hoogte:

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \quad \checkmark$$

$$14,51^2 \checkmark = (0)^2 + 2(9,8) \Delta y \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \Delta y = 10,74 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Height/Hoogte} = 55,1 - 10,74 \\ = 44,36 \text{ m} \checkmark$$

**Option 2/Opsie 2**

$$\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$1,5 \checkmark = v_i(0,1) + \frac{1}{2}(9,8)(0,1)^2 \checkmark$$

$$\therefore v_i = 14,51 \text{ m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$$

Downwards from top of tower to top of window:/Afwaarts van bopunt van toering tot bopunt van venster

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \quad \checkmark$$

$$14,51^2 \checkmark = (10)^2 + 2(9,8) \Delta y \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \Delta y = 5,64 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Height/Hoogte} = 50 - 5,64 \\ = 44,36 \text{ m} \checkmark$$

**Option 3/Opsie 3**

$$\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$1,5 \checkmark = v_i(0,1) + \frac{1}{2}(9,8)(0,1)^2 \checkmark$$

$$\therefore v_i = 14,51 \text{ m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$$

From original point of projection:/Van oorspronklike punt van projeksie

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \quad \checkmark$$

$$14,51^2 \checkmark = (-10)^2 + 2(9,8) \Delta y \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \Delta y = 5,64 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Height/Hoogte} = 50 - 5,64 \\ = 44,36 \text{ m} \checkmark$$

**Option 4/Opsie 4**

$$\bar{v} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta t} = \frac{1,5}{0,1} = 15 \text{ m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$$

$$\bar{v} = \frac{v_i + v_f}{2} = 15$$

$$\therefore v_i + v_f = 30 \text{ m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$$

$$\therefore v_f = 30 - v_i$$

$$v_f = v_i + a \Delta t \quad \checkmark$$

$$30 - v_i \checkmark = v_i + 9,8(0,1) \checkmark$$

$$\therefore v_i = 14,51 \text{ m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$$

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \quad \checkmark$$

$$14,51^2 \checkmark = (0)^2 + 2(9,8) \Delta y \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \Delta y = 10,74 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Height/Hoogte} = 55,1 - 10,74 \\ = 44,36 \text{ m} \checkmark$$

(7)  
[19]

## QUESTION 4/VRAAG 4

- 4.1 Impulse is the product of the (net/average) force and the time during which the force acts. ✓✓

*Impuls is die produk van die (netto/gemiddelde) krag en die tyd waartydens die krag inwerk.* ✓✓

### OR/OF

Impulse is the change in momentum. ✓✓

*Impuls is gelyk aan verandering in momentum.* ✓✓

(2)

4.2

<p><b>Option 1/Opsie 1:</b> Upward positive:/Opwaarts positief</p> $F_{\text{net}} \Delta t = \Delta p \checkmark$ $= m(v_f - v_i)$ $= 0,15(3,62 - (-6,2)) \checkmark$ $= 1,473 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s} / \text{kg}\cdot\text{m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1} \checkmark$ <p style="text-align: center;">upward/opwaarts</p>	<p><b>Option 2/Opsie 2:</b> Upward negative:/Opwaarts negatief</p> $F_{\text{net}} \Delta t = \Delta p \checkmark$ $= m(v_f - v_i)$ $= 0,15[(-3,62 - (6,2))] \checkmark$ $= -1,473 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s} / \text{kg}\cdot\text{m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$ $F_{\text{net}} \Delta t = 1,473 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s} / \text{kg}\cdot\text{m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1} \checkmark$ <p style="text-align: center;">upward/opwaarts</p>
<p><b>Option 3/Opsie 3:</b> Upward positive: /Opwaarts positief</p> $F_{\text{net}} \Delta t = \Delta p \checkmark$ $= mv_f - mv_i$ $= (0,15)(3,62) - (0,15)(-6,2) \checkmark$ $= 1,473 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s} / \text{kg}\cdot\text{m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1} \checkmark$ <p style="text-align: center;">upward/opwaarts</p>	<p><b>Option 4/Opsie 4:</b> Upward negative: /Opwaarts negatief</p> $F_{\text{net}} \Delta t = \Delta p \checkmark$ $= mv_f - mv_i$ $= (0,15)(-3,62) - (0,15)(6,2) \checkmark$ $= -1,473 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s} / \text{kg}\cdot\text{m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$ $F_{\text{net}} \Delta t = 1,473 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s} / \text{kg}\cdot\text{m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1} \checkmark$ <p style="text-align: center;">upward/opwaarts</p>

(3)

4.3

$$(U + K)_{\text{top}/bo} = (U + K)_{\text{bottom}/onder} \checkmark$$

$$mgh_f + \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2 = mgh_i + \frac{1}{2}mv_i^2$$

$$(0,15)(9,8)h + 0 \checkmark = 0 + \frac{1}{2}(0,15)(6,2)^2 \checkmark$$

$$\therefore h = 1,96 \text{ m} \checkmark$$

$$\frac{1,96}{3} = 0,65 \text{ m}$$

Yes/Meets requirements ✓

*Ja/Voldoen aan vereistes.* ✓

**K(bottom/onder) = U(top/bo)**

Max.: 0/4

**Other formulae/Ander formules:**

$$E_{\text{mech(A)}} = E_{\text{mech(B)}} / E_{\text{mech(i)}} = E_{\text{mech(f)}}$$

$$E_{\text{mech(top)}} = E_{\text{mech(bottom)}}$$

$$(E_p + E_k)_A = (E_p + E_k)_B$$

$$(E_p + E_k)_{\text{bottom}} = (E_p + E_k)_{\text{top}}$$

$$E_p + E_k)_i = (E_p + E_k)_f$$

$$(U + K)_i = (U + K)_f$$

$$(U + K)_A = (U + K)_B$$

$$mgh_B + \frac{1}{2}mv_i^2 = mgh_B + \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2$$

(5)

[10]

## QUESTION 5/VRAAG 5

- 5.1 The energy of an object due to its position above the surface of the earth. ✓

Die energie van 'n voorwerp as gevolg sy posisie bokant die oppervlak van die aarde. ✓

(2)

5.2

**Option 1/Opsie 1:**

$$\begin{aligned} W_{\text{net}} &= \Delta K \checkmark \\ mg\Delta y \cos\theta + W_f &= \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2 - \frac{1}{2}mv_i^2 \\ (2)(9,8)(2)\cos 0^\circ \checkmark + W_f \checkmark &= \frac{1}{2}(2)(5)^2 \checkmark - 0 \checkmark \\ \therefore W_f &= -14,2 \text{ J} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

**Option 2/Opsie 2:**

$$\begin{aligned} W_{\text{net}} &= \Delta K \checkmark \\ -\Delta U + W_f &= \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2 - \frac{1}{2}mv_i^2 \\ mgh + W_f &= \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2 - \frac{1}{2}mv_i^2 \\ (2)(9,8)(2) \checkmark + W_f \checkmark &= \frac{1}{2}(2)(5)^2 \checkmark - 0 \checkmark \\ \therefore W_f &= -14,2 \text{ J} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

(6)

5.3

No/Nee ✓

Friction is present/Wrywing is aanwesig. ✓

(2)

5.4.1

$$\begin{aligned} \sum p_{\text{before}} &= \sum p_{\text{after}} \checkmark \\ (2)(5) + (9)(0) \checkmark &= 2v_{f2} + (9)(1) \checkmark \\ \therefore v_{f2} &= 0,5 \text{ m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

**Notes/Aantekeninge:**

**Other formulae/Ander formules:**

$$\begin{aligned} m_1v_{i1} + m_2v_{i2} &= m_1v_{f1} + m_2v_{f2} \\ m_1u_1 + m_2u_2 &= m_1v_1 + m_2v_2 \end{aligned}$$

(4)

5.4.2

$$\begin{aligned} K(\text{total after/total na}) &= \frac{1}{2}m_1v_f^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_2v_f^2 \checkmark \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(2)(0,5)^2 \checkmark + \frac{1}{2}(9)(1)^2 \checkmark \\ &= 4,75 \text{ J} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$K(\text{total before}) \neq K(\text{total after}) \checkmark$   
 $\therefore$  inelastic

$K(\text{totaal na}) \neq K(\text{totaal voor}) \checkmark$   
 $\therefore$  onelasties

(5)

[19]

## QUESTION 6/VRAAG 6

6.1

$$f_L = \frac{v \pm v_L}{v \pm v_s} f_s \text{ OR } f_L = \frac{v}{v - v_s} f_s \checkmark$$

$$\therefore 1050 \checkmark = \frac{340 + 0}{340 - v_s} (980) \checkmark$$

$$\therefore v_s = 22,67 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark$$

(4)

6.2

Waves in front of the moving source are compressed.

The observed wavelength decreases.  $\checkmark$

For the same speed of sound,  $\checkmark$  a higher frequency will be observed.

Golwe voor die bewegende bron word saamgepers.

Die waargenome golflengte verminder.  $\checkmark$

Vir dieselde spoed van klank  $\checkmark$  sal 'n hoër frekwensie waargeneem word.

(2)

6.3

Any ONE/Enige EEN:

- Determine whether arteries are clogged/narrowed  $\checkmark$   
so that precautions can be taken in advance/to prevent heart attack/stroke.  $\checkmark$   
*Bepaal of are verstop/vernou is,  $\checkmark\checkmark$*   
*sodat voorsorg getref kan word/om hartaanvalle/beroerte te voorkom.*  $\checkmark$
- Determine heartbeat of foetus  
to assure that child is alive/does not have a heart defect.  
*Bepaal die hartklop van 'n fetus*  
*om seker te maak of baba leef/geen hartdefekte het nie.*

(2)

[8]

## QUESTION 7/VRAAG 7

7.1

Criteria for investigative question/Kriteria vir ondersoekende vraag:	Mark/Punt
The <u>dependent</u> and <u>independent</u> variables are stated. <i>Die afhanglike en onafhanglike veranderlikes is genoem.</i>	✓
Asks a question about the relationship between dependent and independent variables. <i>Vra 'n vraag oor die verwantskap tussen die afhanglike en onafhanglike veranderlikes.</i>	✓

### Dependent variable:

#### Afhanglike veranderlike:

Broadness of central (bright) band/degree of diffraction  
*Breedte van sentrale (helder) band/mate van diffraksie*

#### Independent variable:

#### Onafhanglike veranderlike:

Wavelength (of light)/Golfelengte (van lig)

#### Example/Voorbeeld:

How will the width of the central band change/differ when the wavelength (of the light) changes/is increased/is decreased?

*Hoe sal die breedte van die sentrale helder band verander wanneer die golfelengte (van die lig)\_toeneem/afneem?*

(2)

7.2

Slit width/Spleetwydte ✓

Distance between slit and screen/Afstand tussen spleet en skerm. ✓

(2)

7.3

$$\tan \theta = \frac{0,033}{0,45} \checkmark \therefore \theta = 4,19(4)^\circ$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{m\lambda}{a} \checkmark$$

$$\sin 4,19^\circ \checkmark = \frac{(1)\lambda}{5,6 \times 10^{-7}} \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \lambda = 4,1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m} \checkmark$$

(5)

7.4

Greater than/Groter as ✓

Red light has a longer wavelength (and is diffracted more.) ✓

*Rooilig het 'n langer golfelengte (en word meer diffrakteer.)*

#### **OR/OF**

Diffraction/Diffraksie  $\propto \lambda$  ✓

(2)

[11]

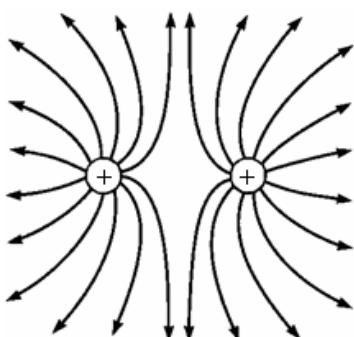
## QUESTION 8/VRAAG 8

- 8.1 The (electrostatic) force experienced at a point ✓  
per unit charge at that point. ✓  
Die elektrostasiese krag ondervind by 'n punt ✓  
per eenheidslading by daardie punt. ✓

**OR/OF**

- The (electrostatic) force experienced ✓  
by a charge placed at that point divided by the charge itself. ✓  
Die (elektrostasiese) krag ondervind ✓  
deur 'n lading geplaas by daardie punt gedeel deur die lading self. ✓ (2)

8.2



Criteria for sketch/Kriteria vir skets	Marks/Punte
Correct shape as shown. <i>Korrekte vorm soos getoon</i>	✓
Direction from positive to negative. <i>Rigting van positief na negatief.</i>	✓
Field lines start on spheres and do not cross. <i>Veldlyne begin op elke sfeer en kruis nie.</i>	✓

(3)

8.3

$$E_P = \frac{kQ}{r^2} \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{(9 \times 10^9)(5 \times 10^{-9})}{(30 \times 10^{-3})^2} \checkmark$$

$$= 5 \times 10^4 \text{ N}\cdot\text{C}^{-1} \text{ to the right/na regs}$$

$$E_Q = \frac{kQ}{r^2}$$

$$= \frac{(9 \times 10^9)(5 \times 10^{-9})}{(10 \times 10^{-3})^2} \checkmark$$

$$= 4,5 \times 10^5 \text{ N}\cdot\text{C}^{-1} \text{ to the right/na regs}$$

$$E_{\text{net}} = 5 \times 10^4 + 4,5 \times 10^5$$

$$= 5 \times 10^5 \text{ N}\cdot\text{C}^{-1} \text{ to the right/na regs} \checkmark$$

(6)

8.4

### POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 8.3 TO QUESTION 8.4/ POSITIEWE NASIEN VAN VRAAG 8.3 NA VRAAG 8.4

$$E = \frac{F}{q} \checkmark$$

$$5 \times 10^5 = \frac{F}{1,6 \times 10^{-19}} \checkmark$$

$$F = 8 \times 10^{-14} \text{ N} \checkmark$$

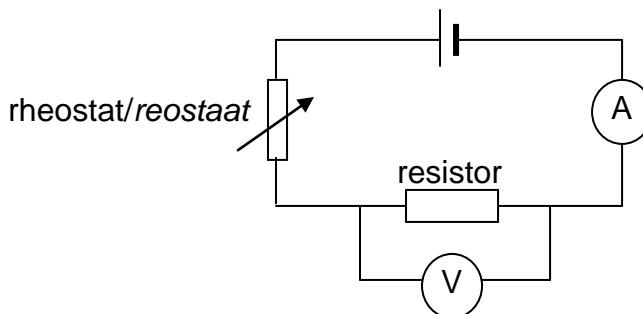
(3)

[14]

## QUESTION 9/VRAAG 9

9.1

9.1.1



Criteria for circuit diagram/Kriteria vir stroombaandiagram	Mark/Punt
Battery connected to the resistor as shown – correct symbols used. <i>Battery aan resistor geskakel soos getoon – korrekte simbole is gebruik.</i>	✓
Rheostat connected in series with resistor – correct symbols used. <i>Reostaat in serie geskakel met resistor – korrekte simbole is gebruik.</i>	✓
Ammeter connected in series so that it measures the current through resistor – correct symbols used. <i>Ammeter in serie geskakel sodat dit die stroom deur die resistor meet – korrekte simbole is gebruik.</i>	✓
Voltmeter connected in parallel across resistor – correct symbols used. <i>Voltmeter in parallel geskakel oor resistor – korrekte simbole is gebruik.</i>	✓

(4)

9.1.2 Temperature/Temperatuur ✓

(1)

9.1.3 B ✓

The ratio  $\frac{V}{I}$  is greater than that of A. ✓✓

B ✓

Die verhouding  $\frac{V}{I}$  is groter as die van A. ✓✓

**OR/OF**

B ✓

The ratio  $\frac{I}{V}$  is smaller than that of A. ✓✓

B ✓

Die verhouding  $\frac{I}{V}$  is kleiner as die van A. ✓✓

(3)

9.2

9.2.1  $\frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{r_1} + \frac{1}{r_2} \checkmark = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{16} \checkmark$

$\therefore R = 3,2 \Omega$

$R_{\text{effective/effektief}} = 3,2 \Omega + 2 \Omega + 0,8 \Omega \checkmark$   
 $= 6 \Omega \checkmark$

(4)

9.2.2

Option 1/Opsie 1:

$V = IR \checkmark$   
 $12 = I(6) \checkmark$   
 $I = 2 A \checkmark$

Option 2/Opsie 2:

$\text{emf} = I(R + r) \checkmark$   
 $12 = I(5,2 + 0,8) \checkmark$   
 $I = 2 A \checkmark$

(3)

9.2.3

<u>Option 1/Opsie 1:</u> $V_{\text{parallel}} = IR \checkmark$ $= (2)(3,2) \checkmark$ $= 6,4 V$ $V_{8\Omega} = \frac{6,4}{2} \checkmark = 3,2 V \checkmark$	<u>Option 2/Opsie 2:</u> $V_p = \frac{R_p}{R} \times V \checkmark$ $= \frac{3,2}{6} \checkmark \times 12 \checkmark = 6,4 V$ $\therefore V_{8\Omega} = 3,2 V \checkmark$
<u>Option 3/Opsie 3:</u> $I_{8\Omega} = \frac{4}{20} (2) \checkmark$ $= 0,4 A$ $V_{8\Omega} = IR \checkmark$ $= (0,4)(8) \checkmark$ $= 3,2 V \checkmark$	<u>Option 4/Opsie 4:</u> $\text{emf} = I(R + r) \checkmark$ $12 = IR_{2\Omega} + V_p + Ir$ $12 = (2)(2) + V_p + (2)(0,8) \checkmark$ $V_p = 6,4 V$ $V_{8\Omega} = \frac{6,4}{2} \checkmark = 3,2 V \checkmark$

(4)  
[19]

## QUESTION 10/VRAAG 10

10.1

10.1.1

- (a) Reverses the direction of the current in the coil each half cycle. ✓  
*Keer die stroomrigting in die spoel elke halwe siklus.* ✓

### OR/OF

Maintains constant direction of rotation of the coil.  
*Onderhou die konstante rigting van rotasie van die spoel.* (1)

- 10.1.1 Makes electrical contact (with the commutator). ✓  
(b) *Maak elektriese kontak (met kommutator).* ✓

### OR/OF

Allows split-ring commutator to rotate freely.  
*Laat splitringkommutator toe om vry te roteer.*

### OR/OF

Allows charges to flow/current in and out of the coil.  
*Laat vloeい van lading/stroom in en uit spoel toe.* (1)

10.1.2 B to/na A ✓

(1)

10.1.3 Maximum/Maksimum ✓

(1)

10.1.4 Any ONE/Enige EEN:

- Increase the current in the coil. ✓  
*Verhoog die stroom in die spoel.* ✓
- Increase the magnitude of the magnetic field./Use a stronger magnet.  
*Vergroot die grootte van die magneetveld./Gebruik 'n sterker magneet.*
- Increase the number of turns in the coil.  
*Verhoog die aantal windinge in die spoel.*
- Use a soft iron core as the core of the coil.  
*Gebruik 'n sagte ysterkern in die spoel.*

(1)

10.2

10.2.1 Any ONE/Enige EEN:

- Can be transmitted over long distances without major energy loss. ✓  
*Kan oor groot afstande oorgedra word sonder groot energieverlies.* ✓
- The potential difference can be increased or decreased.  
*Die potensiaalverskil kan verhoog of verlaag word.*

(1)

10.2.2

(a)  $V_{\text{rms/wgk}} = \frac{V_{\text{max/maks}}}{\sqrt{2}}$  ✓

$$230 = \frac{V_{\text{max/maks}}}{\sqrt{2}}$$
 ✓

$$V_{\text{max/maks}} = 325, 27 \text{ V}$$
 ✓

(3)

10.2.2

(b)  $P_{ave} = V_{rms/wgk} I_{rms/wgk}$  ✓

$2\ 000 = (230)I_{rms/wgk}$  ✓

$I_{rms/wgk} = 8,70 \text{ A}$  ✓ (8,696 A)

(3)

[12]

## QUESTION 11/VRAAG 11

11.1 Photoelectric effect/Foto-elektriese effek ✓ (1)

11.2

11.2.1  $E = hf$  ✓

$= (6,63 \times 10^{-34})(6,16 \times 10^{14})$  ✓

$= 4,08 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$  ✓

(3)

11.2.2  $E = W_0 + K$  ✓

$4,08 \times 10^{-19}$  ✓  $= (6,63 \times 10^{-34})f_0$  ✓  $+ 5,6 \times 10^{-20}$  ✓

$f_0 = 5,31 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$  ✓

(5)

11.3

11.3.1 Increases ✓

More photoelectrons emitted per second ✓

*Vermeerder* ✓

Meer foto-elektrone vrygestel per sekonde ✓

(2)

11.3.2 Remains the same ✓

Intensity does not affect energy. ✓

*Bly dieselfde* ✓

*Intensiteit het geen effek op energie nie.* ✓

### OR/OF

Remains the same ✓

The frequency of light remains the same. ✓

*Bly dieselfde* ✓

*Die frekwensie van die lig bly dieselfde.* ✓

(2)

[13]

**TOTAL SECTION B/TOTAAL AFDELING B:**

**125**

**GRAND TOTAL/GROOTTOTAAL:**

**150**